MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
Prepared to U.S. OSHA, CMA, ANSI, Canadian WHMIS and European Community Standards

PART I  What is the material and what do I need to know in an emergency?

1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

TRADE NAME (AS LABELED): PRODUCT - #IJP
CHEMICAL NAME/CLASS: Not Applicable
PRODUCT USE: Coated Paper

U.S. EMERGENCY PHONE: 1-800-535-5053 (INFOTRAC)

DATE OF PREPARATION: August 15, 2000

NOTE: This product is an “Article” under the U.S. Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Standard. This product is also not considered a dangerous substance or a dangerous preparation under the standards of the European Community. Refer to Section 15 (Regulatory Information) for specific regulatory citations.

As an article, this product presents negligible health and physical hazards under reasonably anticipated circumstances of use. Subsequently, a Material Safety Data Sheet is not required for this product under Standards cited above. This document is prepared to provide persons using this product with additional safety information.

2 COMPOSITION and INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Exposure limits for this product, as a paper, are not applicable. The following limits are provided for information in event of exposure to dusts from the paper.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHEMICAL NAME</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>EINECS #</th>
<th>% w/w</th>
<th>EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH-TLV</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>TWA mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paper coated with resin and wax emulsion (exposure limits are for Particulates, Not Otherwise Classified) unless otherwise indicated and are presented only for exposure to paper dusts from this product</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>10 (Inhalable Particulate)</td>
<td>NE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water and other components. Each of the other components are present in less than 1 percent concentration (0.1% concentration for potential carcinogens, reproductive toxins, respiratory tract sensitizers, and mutagens)</td>
<td>Balance</td>
<td>None of the other components contribute significant additional hazards at the concentrations present in this product. All pertinent hazard information has been provided in this document, per the requirements of the Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), U.S. State equivalent Standards and Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Identification System Standards (CPR 4).</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NE = Not Established. See Section 16 for Definitions of Terms Used.

NOTE: ALL WHMIS required information is included in appropriate sections based on the ANSI Z400.1-1998 format. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR. In addition, all EC required information is included in this MSDS.
3. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:** This product is a resin-coated paper. This product is considered a manufactured article and presents negligible health, fire, or reactivity hazards under typical emergency conditions. **Health Hazards:** Negligible. Dusts from the paper which may accumulate in areas where the paper is used may cause minor irritation of the nose, lungs and eyes, causing itching, coughing or sneezing. **Flammability Hazards.** If involved in a fire, this product will decompose to produce toxic gases (oxides of carbon and nitrogen). If large quantities of dust are allowed are allowed to accumulate, a fire hazard may be created. **Reactivity Hazards:** Negligible. **Environmental Hazards:** Negligible. **Emergency Recommendations:** No special precautions are usually necessary.

**SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE BY ROUTE OF EXPOSURE:** The most significant routes of occupational overexposure are inhalation of dusts from this product. The symptoms of overexposure to this product, via route of entry, are as follows:

**INHALATION:** Inhalation of dusts generated from this product may mildly irritate the nose, throat, and other tissues of the respiratory system. Symptoms may include sneezing and coughing, but will be alleviated after removal to fresh air. In rare cases, some persons develop allergies to paper dust.

**CONTACT WITH SKIN or EYES:** If dusts from this product enter the eyes, irritation may occur, causing tearing and redness. Contact with the skin should not cause adverse effects, with the exception of potential paper cuts.

**SKIN ABSORPTION:** This product does not present any hazard of skin absorption.

**INGESTION:** Ingestion of this product in an industrial setting is extremely unlikely. If the product is ingested, minor stomach upset may occur.

**INJECTION:** This product does not present any hazard from injection.

**HEALTH EFFECTS OR RISKS:** An Explanation in Lay Terms.

**ACUTE:** This product presents no significant acute health hazard as a paper product, with the exception of possible paper cuts. Dusts from the product may cause irritation of respiratory system and eyes.

**CHRONIC:** This product presents no significant chronic health hazard as a paper product. In rare cases, dusts from this product may cause allergic reaction in susceptible individuals.

**TARGET ORGANS:** ACUTE: Respiratory system and eyes (dusts from product), skin (paper cuts). CHRONIC: Respiratory system (dusts from product).

### PART II  What should I do if a hazardous situation occurs?

#### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Persons using this product should consult a physician or other medical professional if an accident involving this product results in injury. Specific first-aid measures are as follows:

**EYE CONTACT:** If irritation occurs after eye contact with dusts, remove affected person from area and irrigate eyes with water or other appropriate solution. Contact physician or other medical health professional if any adverse effect occurs.

**SKIN CONTACT:** If irritation or adverse effect occurs from contact with dusts from this product, seek medical assistance.

**INHALATION:** If any adverse effect occurs as a result of inhalation of dusts from this product, remove individual to fresh air.

**MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:** In event of exposure to dusts from this product, pre-existing respiratory conditions may be aggravated.

**RECOMMENDATIONS TO PHYSICIANS:** Treat symptoms.
5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: Not applicable - combustible.

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not determined.

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (in air by volume, %):

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<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Lower (LEL)</th>
<th>Upper (UEL)</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
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</table>

FIRE EXTINGUISHING MATERIALS:

- Water Spray: YES
- Carbon Dioxide: YES
- Foam: YES
- Dry Chemical: YES
- Halon: YES
- Other: Any "ABC" Class

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: This product is combustible. If involved in a fire, this product will ignite and produce toxic gases (oxides of carbon and nitrogen). Large dust clouds of this product have the potential to ignite explosively.

Explosion Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Not applicable.

Explosion Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Although this product is not sensitive to static discharge, dusts of organic compounds, such as paper can be ignited by static discharge, especially if large amounts of dusts are allowed to accumulate. All equipment in used in the handling of this material should be electrically grounded.

SPECIAL FIRE-FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Structural firefighters must wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus and full protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

RELEASE RESPONSE: Due to the nature of this product, no special accidental release measures are normally required. Uncontrolled releases involving other materials released near this product should be responded to by appropriately trained personnel using pre-planned procedures.

PART III  How can I prevent hazardous situations from occurring?

7. HANDLING and STORAGE

WORK, STORAGE AND HANDLING PRACTICES: If during the use of this product, dusts or particulates are generated, avoid breathing, or skin or eye contact. Store this product in a cool, dry location, away from sources of intense heat. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10, Stability and Reactivity). Wipe-down area routinely to avoid the accumulation of dusts.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS - PERSONAL PROTECTION

VENTILATION AND ENGINEERING CONTROLS: If dusts from this product may be generated, provide mechanical ventilation. Ventilation system should be grounded.

INTERNATIONAL OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS: No international exposure limits are applicable for this product.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: No special respiratory protection is required for use of this product unless areas of product use are dusty, consider the use of a dust mask. If necessary, use only respiratory protection authorized in the U.S. Federal OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134) or equivalent U.S. State standards, and Canadian CSA Standard Z94.4-93. Oxygen levels below 19.5% are considered IDLH by OSHA. In such atmospheres, use of a full-facepiece pressure/demand SCBA or a full facepiece, supplied air respirator with auxiliary self-contained air supply is required under OSHA’s Respiratory Protection Standard (1910.134-1998). Respiratory protection is required for firefighters, as authorized in the Federal OSHA Standard (29 CFR 1910.134) or applicable U.S. State, Canadian, or European Community regulations.

EYE PROTECTION: No special eye protection is required for use of this product. Wear safety glasses or goggles if during the use of this product operations may produce flying debris or particulates.

HAND PROTECTION: Wear leather gloves while handling large rolls of this product or other appropriate glove to protect against mechanical injury.

BODY PROTECTION: No special body protection is required for use of this product.

See Section 16 for Definition of Ratings
9. PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

RELATIVE VAPOR DENSITY (air = 1): Not applicable.
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water = 1): Not applicable.
SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Insoluble.
VAPOR PRESSURE: Not applicable.
PARTITION COEFFICIENT (n-octanol/water): Not applicable.
ODOR THRESHOLD: Not applicable.
COLOR: Various.
VISCOSITY: Not applicable.
APPEARANCE and COLOR: This product is supplied in rolls of variously colored paper.
HOW TO DETECT THIS SUBSTANCE (warning properties): The appearance may act as a distinguishing characteristic for this product.

EVAPORATION RATE (n-BuAc = 1): Not applicable.
MELTING POINT: Not applicable.
BOILING POINT: Not applicable.
PH: Not applicable.
FORM: Rolls of paper.
ODOR: Slight.
FLASH POINT: Not applicable.

10. STABILITY and REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable.
DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Thermal decomposition of this product will produce oxides of carbon and nitrogen.
MATERIALS WITH WHICH SUBSTANCE IS INCOMPATIBLE: This product is incompatible with chemical compounds that will degrade paper.
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.
CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid exposure or contact to extreme temperatures, incompatible chemicals.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICITY DATA: Not applicable.
Suspected Cancer Agent: This product's components are not found on the following lists: U.S. FEDERAL OSHA LIST, NTP, IARC, and CAL/OSHA and therefore are neither considered to be nor suspected to be cancer-causing agents by these agencies.
Irritancy of Product: This product is not irritating under normal circumstances of use or handling. Dusts from the product may irritate the respiratory system and eyes.
Sensitization to the Product: This product contains no known sensitizer after prolonged or repeated contact. In rare cases, persons may become allergic to paper dusts.
Reproductive Toxicity Information: Listed below is information concerning the effects of this product and its components on the human reproductive system.
  Mutagenicity: As an article, this product is not anticipated to produce mutagenic effects in humans.
  Embryotoxicity: As an article, this product is not anticipated to produce embryotoxic effects in humans.
  Teratogenicity: As an article, this product is not anticipated to cause teratogenic effects in humans.
  Reproductive Toxicity: As an article, this product is not anticipated to cause reproductive effects in humans.

A mutagen is a chemical which causes permanent changes to genetic material (DNA) such that the changes will propagate through generational lines. An embryotoxin is a chemical which causes damage to a developing embryo (i.e. within the first eight weeks of pregnancy in humans), but the damage does not propagate across generational lines. A teratogen is a chemical which causes damage to a developing fetus, but the damage does not propagate across generational lines. A reproductive toxin is any substance which interferes in any way with the reproductive process.
ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices: Currently, there are no ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) determined for the components of this product.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ALL WORK PRACTICES MUST BE AIMED AT ELIMINATING ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION.
ENVIRONMENTAL STABILITY: This product will decompose into organic matter over time when left in the open environment.
EFFECT OF MATERIAL ON PLANTS or ANIMALS: This product is not expected to result in adverse effects to animals unless ingested. No adverse effect is expected to occur to plants.
EFFECT OF CHEMICAL ON AQUATIC LIFE: This product is not expected to cause adverse effects if released to an aquatic environment.
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

PREPARING WASTES FOR DISPOSAL: Dispose of as permitted by local waste-handling authority. Recycling should be considered.

U.S. EPA WASTE NUMBER: Not applicable.

THIS MATERIAL IS NOT HAZARDOUS AS DEFINED BY 49 CFR 172.101 BY THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.

- PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not applicable.
- HAZARD CLASS NUMBER and DESCRIPTION: Not applicable.
- UN IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: Not applicable.
- PACKING GROUP: Not applicable.
- DOT LABEL(S) REQUIRED: Not applicable.
- NORTH AMERICAN EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDEBOOK NUMBER, 2000: Not applicable.
- MARINE POLLUTANT: This compound is not designated as a Marine Pollutant, per Appendix B to 49 CFR 172.101.

TRANSPORT CANADA, TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS REGULATIONS: This material is not considered as dangerous goods, per regulations of Transport Canada.

INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION (IATA): This material is not considered as dangerous goods under rules of IATA.

INTERNATIONAL MARITIME ORGANIZATION (IMO): This material is not considered as dangerous goods, per the International Maritime Organization.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

ADDITIONAL U.S. REGULATIONS:

- U.S. SARA REPORTING REQUIREMENTS: This product is not subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 302, 304, and 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.
- U.S. SARA THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITY: As an article, this product is not subject to the requirements under SARA for TPQs.
- U.S. CERCLA REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ): Not applicable.
- U.S. TSCA INVENTORY STATUS: This is an article and is not subject to the requirements of TSCA.

OTHER U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS: This product meets the definition of an “Article” under the U.S. Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). For further information, the definition of “Article” is provided below.

Article means a manufactured item other than a fluid or particle: (i) which is formed to a specific shape or design during manufacture; (ii) which has end use function(s) dependent in whole or in part upon its shape or design during end use; and (iii) which under normal conditions of use does not release more than very small quantities, e.g., minute or trace amounts of a hazardous chemical, and does not pose a physical hazard or health risk to employees.

U.S. STATE REGULATORY INFORMATION: Components of this product are covered under specific State regulations, as denoted below:

- Alaska - Designated Toxic and Hazardous Substances: None.
- California - Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants: None.
- Florida - Substance List: None.
- Illinois - Toxic Substance List: None.
- Kansas - Section 302/313 List: None.
- Massachusetts - Substance List: None.
- Michigan - Critical Materials Register: None.
- Minnesota - List of Hazardous Substances: None.
- Missouri - Employer Information/Toxic Substance List: None.
- New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List: None.
- New York - List of Hazardous Chemicals, Reportable Quantities: None.
- North Dakota - List of Hazardous Chemicals, Reportable Quantities: None.
- Pennsylvania - Hazardous Substance List: None.
- Rhode Island - Hazardous Substance List: None.
- Texas - Hazardous Substance List: None.
- West Virginia - Hazardous Substance List: None.
- Wisconsin - Toxic and Hazardous Substances: None.
- Wyoming - Wastewater Regulatory Information: None.

CALIFORNIA SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT (PROPOSITION 65): No component of this product is on the California Proposition 65 lists.

LABELING (Precautionary Statements): This is a manufactured article; no label information is required under OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 or ANSI Z400.1 to address the chemical hazards.
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION (Continued)

CANADIAN INFORMATION FOR PRODUCT:
CANADIAN DSL INVENTORY: This is a manufactured item and is not subject to the DSL requirements under CEPA.
OTHER CANADIAN REGULATIONS: This product meets the definition of an article under WHMIS Regulations (Hazardous Products Act, 6&7, Part II (Sections 11 and 12)).
CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (CEPA) PRIORITIES SUBSTANCES LISTS: No component of this product is on the Priorities Substances Lists.
CANADIAN WHMIS SYMBOLS: Not applicable.

EUROPEAN COMMUNITY INFORMATION FOR PRODUCT:
EC LABELING AND CLASSIFICATION: This product does not meet the definition of any hazard class as defined by the European Community Council Directive 67/548/EEC. As an article, this product is not regulated as a dangerous substance (Council Directive 88/379/EEC; Articles 1, 2 and 3) because it does not meet the applicable definitions.
EC CLASSIFICATION: Not applicable.
EC RISK PHRASES: Not applicable.
EC SAFETY PHRASES: Not applicable.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

PREPARED BY: CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSOCIATES, Inc.
9163 Chesapeake Drive, San Diego, CA 92123-1002
(858) 565 - 0302
DATE OF PRINTING: March 2, 2007

The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. NuCoat, Inc. assumes no responsibility for injury to the vendee or third persons proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Additionally, NuCoat, Inc. assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by abnormal use of the material even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Furthermore, vendee assumes the risk in his use of the material.
A large number of abbreviations and acronyms appear on a MSDS. Some of these which are commonly used include the following:

CAS #: This is the Chemical Abstract Service Number which uniquely identifies each constituent. It is used for computer-related searching.

EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR:
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, a professional association which establishes exposure limits.

TLV - Threshold Limit Value - an airborne concentration of a substance which represents conditions under which it is generally believed that nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed without adverse effect. The duration must be considered, including the 8-hour Time Weighted Average (TWA), the 15-minute Short Term Exposure Limit, and the instantaneous Ceiling Level (C). Skin absorption effects must also be considered.

OSHA - U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit - This exposure value means exactly the same as a TLV, except that it is enforceable by OSHA. The OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits are based in the 1989 PELs and the June, 1993 Air Contaminants Rule (Federal Register: 58: 35338-35351 and 58: 40191). Both the current PELs and the vacated PELs are indicated. The phrase, "Vacated 1989 PEL," is placed next to the PEL which was vacated by Court Order.

IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health - This level represents a concentration from which one can escape within 30-minutes without suffering escape-preventing or permanent injury. The DFG - MAK is the Republic of Germany's Maximum Exposure Level, similar to the U.S. PEL. NIOSH is the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, which is the research arm of the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). NIOSH issues exposure guidelines called Recommended Exposure Levels (RELs). When no exposure guidelines are established, an entry of NE is made for reference.

HAZARD RATINGS:
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM:
Health Hazard: 0 (minimal acute or chronic exposure hazard); 1 (slight acute or chronic exposure hazard); 2 (moderate acute or significant chronic exposure hazard); 3 (severe acute exposure hazard; onet ime overexposure can result in permanent injury and may be fatal); 4 (extreme acute exposure hazard; onetime overexposure can be fatal). Flammability Hazard: 0 (minimal hazard); 1 (materials that require substantial pre-heating before burning); 2 (combustible liquid or solids; liquids with a flash point of 38-93°C [100-200°F]); 3 (Class IB and IC flammable liquids with flash points below 38°C [100°F]); 4 (Class IA flammable liquids with flash points below 23°C [73°F] and boiling points below 38°C [100°F]). Reactivity Hazard: 0 (normally stable); 1 (material that can become unstable at elevated temperatures or which can react slightly with water); 2 (materials that are unstable but do not detonate or which can react violently with water); 3 (materials that can detonate when initiated or which can react explosively with water); 4 (materials that can detonate at normal temperatures or pressures).

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION: Health Hazard: 0 (material that on exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials); 1 (materials that on exposure under fire conditions could cause irritation or minor residual injury); 2 (materials that on intense or continued exposure under fire conditions could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury); 3 (materials that can on short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury); 4 (materials that under very short exposure could cause death or major residual injury). Flammability Hazard and Reactivity Hazard:
Refer to definitions for "Hazardous Materials Identification System".

DEFINITIONS OF TERMS
Much of the information related to fire and explosion is derived from the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA). Flash Point - Minimum temperature at which a liquid gives off sufficient vapors to form an ignitable mixture with air. Autoignition Temperature: The minimum temperature required to initiate combustion in air with no other source of ignition. LEL - the lowest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source.UEL - the highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:
Possible health hazards as derived from human data, animal studies, or from the results of studies with similar compounds are presented. Definitions of some terms used in this section are: LD50 - Lethal Dose (solids & liquids) which kills 50% of the exposed animals; LC50 - Lethal Concentration (gases) which kills 50% of the exposed animals; ppm concentration expressed in parts of material per million parts of air or water; mg/m3 concentration expressed in weight of substance per volume of air; mg/kg quantity of material, by weight, administered to a test subject, based on their body weight in kg. Data from several sources are used to evaluate the cancer-causing potential of the material. The sources are: IARC - the International Agency for Research on Cancer; NTP - the National Toxicology Program, RTECS - the Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, OSHA and CAL/OSHA. IARC and NTP rate chemicals on a scale of decreasing potential to cause human cancer with rankings from 1 to 4. Subrankings (2A, 2B, etc.) are also used. Other measures of toxicity include TDL0, the lowest dose to cause a symptom and TCO50 the lowest concentration to cause a symptom; TD, LD, and LD50, or TC, LC50, LDo, and LCo, the lowest dose (or concentration) to cause lethal or toxic effects. BEI - Biological Exposure Indices, represent the levels of determinants which are most likely to be observed in specimens collected from a healthy worker who has been exposed to chemicals to the same extent as a worker with inhalation exposure to the TLV. Ecological Information: EC is the effect concentration in water.

REGULATORY INFORMATION:
U.S. and CANADA: This section explains the impact of various laws and regulations on the material. EPA is the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. WHMIS is the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System. DOT and TC are the U.S. Department of Transportation and the Transport Canada, respectively. Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA); the Canadian Domestic/Non-Domestic Substances List (DSL/NDSL); the U.S. Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA); Marine Pollutant status according to the DOT; the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA or Superfund); and various state regulations. This section also includes information on the precautionary warnings which appear on the material's package label.

EUROPEAN: EC is the European Community (formerly known as the EEC, European Economic Community). EINECS: This the European Inventory of Now-Existing Chemical Substances. The ADR is the European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road and the RID are the International Regulations Concerning the Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.